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EPA 440/5-86-001



1995 Updates:

Water Quality Criteria Documents for the Protection of Aquatic Life in Ambient Water

I...A. 87. 1995 Updates: Water Quality Criteria Documents for the Protection of Aquatic Life in Ambient Water. EPA-820-B-96-001. September 1996.

UPDATES 1 & 2 INCLUDED

QUALITY CRITERIA for WATER 1986

Changes in Hg Regulatory Standards

Water Quality Criterion

US EPA 1986 Gold Book 12 ng/L Based on the Total Recoverable Hg (Strong Acid Digestion)

Assumes Worst-Case Bioaccumulation of Hg to 0.5 mg/Kg Fish Tissue Wet Weight

Typically Over-Protective - Some Waters Contain Total Recoverable Hg in Excessive of 12 ng/L without Excessive Bioaccumulation

Hg Bioaccumulation Depends on the Characteristics of the Water

Bioaccumulation of Hg/Unit Concentration Less in Highly Eutrophic, High-Suspended-Solids Waters Than in Oligotrophic Waters

California Toxics Rule August 1997

Two Hg Standards

Aquatic Life Toxicity

1.4 µg/L-Acute (Dissolved Form)

0.77µg/L- Chronic (Dissolved Form)

Bioaccumulation for Human Health Protection

50 ng/L (Total Recoverable Hg)

Bioaccumulation Regulation

FDA Action Levels "Balance" Potential Impact of Chemical and Economic Considerations

US EPA Developing Risk-Based "Bioaccumulation Criteria"

Concentrations in Water That Could Bioaccumulate to Levels in Edible Aquatic Life to Cause Cancer Risk of 10⁻⁶ Given Assumptions Regarding Fish/Shellfish Consumption (e.g., 6.5 g Fish/person/day; 15 g Fish/person/day)

Relationships between Concentrations in Water & Tissue Not Reliably Quantified

US EPA Limitations Much Lower Than FDA Action Levels

federal register

Tuesday August 5, 1997

Part II

Environmental Protection Agency

40 CFR Part 131
Water Quality Standards; Establishment of Numeric Criteria for Priority Toxic Pollutants for the State of California; Proposed Rule

US FDA Action Levels for Fish & Shellfish

| Parameter | 1995 Action Level (mg/kg)(ppm)* |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Mercury (methyl) | 1.0 |
| Lindane | 0.3 |
| Aldrin & Dieldrin | 0.3 |
| Chlordane | 0.3 |
| DDT & Metabolites | 5.0 |
| PCB's | 2.0 |
| Kepon | 0.3 |
| Heptachlor & Epoxides | 0.3 |
| Mirex | 0.1 |
| Dioxin (Great Lakes) | 25 ppT |
| Heavy Metals (Cd, Pb, As, Cr) | no limit** |

* Based on Wet Weight of Raw, Edible Tissue
 ** FDA Issued Guidance Document on Establishing Local Levels

Critical Concentration of Hg in Fish Tissue

- FDA Action Level 1mg/Kg
- ATSDR/US Public Health Service - 5-Times Higher Than US EPA Screening Value
- US EPA Screening Value 0.14 mg/Kg
 - 30 g/Day - 1 Meal/ Week Fish Consumption Rate
 - Some Populations Consume Local Fish at Twice That Amount
- Regulatory Use Issues for Hg Highly Unsettled
- Suggested Approach
 - Use 5 ng/L of Total Recoverable Hg as an Indication of Excessive Bioaccumulation, i.e., Fish Tissue Concentration > 0.1mg/Kg
 - Regulate Hg Based on Actual Bioaccumulation, Not on Chemical Concentration



Guidance For Assessing Chemical Contaminant Data For Use In Fish Advisories

Volume 1 Fish Sampling And Analysis



Guidance For Assessing Chemical Contaminant Data For Use In Fish Advisories

Volume II Risk Assessment And Fish Consumption Limits



Mercury Study Report to Congress

Volume VI:
 Characterization of Human Health and Wildlife Risks from Anthropogenic Mercury Emissions in the United States

SAB REVIEW DRAFT

US EPA National Hg Review

Science Advisory Board Review

- Likely Develop New Water Quality Criterion for Bioaccumulation of 2 to 5 ng/L- Total Recoverable
- Many Waters Will Have "Excessive" Hg
- POTWs Will Not Be Able to Meet New Standard
 - Lead to Over-Regulation in Many Waters

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